



THE
DIOCESE OF
SHEFFIELD
ACADEMIES
TRUST

Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions Policy 2026-27

Approved by: DSAT Trust Board

Last reviewed on: Summer 2026

Next review due by: Summer 2027

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Statement of intent

DSAT and the Trust Board have a duty to ensure arrangements are in place in all schools to support pupils with medical conditions. The aim of this policy is to ensure that all pupils with medical conditions, in terms of both physical and mental health, receive appropriate support to allow them to play a full and active role in school life, remain healthy, have full access to education (including school trips and PE), and achieve their academic potential.

DSAT believes it is important that parents of pupils with medical conditions feel confident that the school provides effective support for their children's medical conditions, and that pupils feel safe in the school environment.

Some pupils with medical conditions may be classed as disabled under the definition set out in the Equality Act 2010. The school has a duty to comply with the Act in all such cases.

In addition, some pupils with medical conditions may also have SEND and have an EHC plan collating their health, social and SEND provision. For these pupils, the school's compliance with the DfE's 'Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0 to 25 years' and the school's Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy will ensure compliance with legal duties.

To ensure that the needs of our pupils with medical conditions are fully understood and effectively supported, we consult with health and social care professionals, pupils and their parents.

1. Legal framework

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- Children and Families Act 2014
- Education Act 2002
- Education Act 1996 (as amended)
- Children Act 1989
- National Health Service Act 2006 (as amended)
- Equality Act 2010
- Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974
- Misuse of Drugs Act 1971
- Medicines Act 1968
- The School Premises (England) Regulations 2012 (as amended)
- The Special Educational Needs and Disability Regulations 2014 (as amended)
- The Human Medicines (Amendment) Regulations 2017
- The Food Information (Amendment) (England) Regulations 2019 (Natasha's Law)
- DfE (2015) 'Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0-25 years'
- DfE (2021) 'School Admissions Code'
- DfE (2017) 'Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions'
- DfE (2022) 'First aid in schools, early years and further education'
- Department of Health (2017) 'Guidance on the use of adrenaline auto-injectors in schools'
- School Allergy Safety Bill (Benedict's Law) from September 2026

This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Administering Medication Policy
- Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy
- Asthma Policy
- Allergen and Anaphylaxis Policy
- Complaints Procedures Policy
- Pupil Equality, Equity, Diversity and Inclusion Policy
- Attendance and Absence Policy
- Pupils with Additional Health Needs Attendance Policy

2. Roles and responsibilities

The Trust Board will be responsible for:

- Fulfilling its statutory duties under legislation.
- Ensuring that arrangements are in place to support pupils with medical conditions.
- Ensuring that pupils with medical conditions can access and enjoy the same opportunities at school as any other child
- Working with the LA, health professionals, commissioners and support services to ensure that pupils with medical conditions receive a full education.

- Ensuring that, following long-term or frequent absence, pupils with medical conditions are reintegrated effectively.
- Ensuring that the focus is on the needs of each pupil and what support is required to support their individual needs.
- Instilling confidence in parents and pupils in the school's ability to provide effective support.
- Ensuring that all members of staff are properly trained to provide the necessary support and are able to access information and other teaching support materials as needed.
- Ensuring that no prospective pupils are denied admission to the school because arrangements for their medical conditions have not been made.
- Ensuring that pupils' health is not put at unnecessary risk. As a result, the board holds the right to not accept a pupil into school at times where it would be detrimental to the health of that pupil or others to do so, such as where the child has an infectious disease.
- Ensuring that policies, plans, procedures and systems are properly and effectively implemented.
- Ensuring that the school's policy clearly identifies the roles and responsibilities of all those involved in the arrangements they make to support pupils and sets out the procedures to be followed whenever a school is notified that a pupil has a medical condition.
- Ensuring that the school's policy covers the role of individual healthcare plans, and who is responsible for their development, in supporting pupils at school with medical conditions.
- Ensuring that plans are reviewed at least annually, or earlier if evidence is presented that the child's needs have changed.

The headteacher will be responsible for:

- The overall implementation of this policy.
- Ensuring that this policy is effectively implemented with stakeholders.
- Ensuring that all staff are aware of this policy and understand their role in its implementation.
- Ensuring that a sufficient number of staff are trained and available to implement this policy and deliver against all IHPs, including in emergency situations.
- Considering recruitment needs for the specific purpose of ensuring pupils with medical conditions are properly supported.
- Having overall responsibility for the development of IHPs.
- Ensuring that staff are appropriately insured and aware of the insurance arrangements.
- Contacting the relevant healthcare professionals where a pupil with a medical condition requires support that has not yet been identified.

Parents will be responsible for:

- Notifying the school if their child has a medical condition.
- Providing the school with sufficient and up-to-date information about their child's medical needs.
- Being involved in the development and review of their child's IHP.
- Carrying out any agreed actions contained in the IHP.

- Ensuring that they, or another nominated adult, are contactable at all times.

Pupils will be responsible for:

- Being fully involved in discussions about their medical support needs, where applicable.
- Contributing to the development of their IHP, if they have one, where applicable.
- Being sensitive to the needs of pupils with medical conditions.

School staff will be responsible for:

- Providing support to pupils with medical conditions, where requested, including the administering of medicines, but are not required to do so.
- Taking into account the needs of pupils with medical conditions in their lessons when deciding whether or not to volunteer to administer medication.
- Receiving sufficient training and achieve the required level of competency before taking responsibility for supporting pupils with medical conditions.
- Knowing what to do and responding accordingly when they become aware that a pupil with a medical condition needs help.

The local authority school nursing team will be responsible for:

- Notifying school at the earliest opportunity when a pupil has been identified as having a medical condition which requires support in school.
- Supporting staff to implement IHPs and providing advice and training.
- Liaising with lead clinicians locally on appropriate support for pupils with medical conditions

Other healthcare professionals, including GPs and paediatricians, are responsible for:

- Notifying the school when a child has been identified as having a medical condition that will require support at school.
- Providing advice on developing IHPs.
- Providing support and training in the school for children with particular conditions, e.g. asthma, diabetes, epilepsy or allergy where required.

Clinical commissioning groups (CCGs) will be responsible for:

- Ensuring that commissioning is responsive to pupils' needs, and that health services are able to cooperate with schools supporting pupils with medical conditions.
- Making joint commissioning arrangements for EHC provision for pupils with SEND.
- Being responsive to LAs and schools looking to improve links between health services and schools.
- Providing clinical support for pupils who have long-term conditions and disabilities.
- Ensuring that commissioning arrangements provide the necessary ongoing support essential to ensuring the safety of vulnerable pupils.

Providers of health services are responsible for cooperating with the school, including ensuring communication takes place, liaising with the school nursing team and other healthcare professionals, and participating in local outreach training.

The LA will be responsible for:

- Commissioning school nurses for local schools.
- Promoting cooperation between relevant partners.
- Making joint commissioning arrangements for EHC provision for pupils with SEND.
- Providing support, advice, guidance, and suitable training for school staff, ensuring that IHPs can be effectively delivered.
- Working with the school to ensure that pupils with medical conditions can attend school full-time.

Where a pupil is away from school for 15 days or more (whether consecutively or across a school year), the LA has a duty to make alternative arrangements, as the pupil is unlikely to receive a suitable education in a mainstream school.

3. Admissions

Admissions will be managed in line with the school's Admissions Policy.

No child will be denied admission to the school or prevented from taking up a school place because arrangements for their medical condition have not been made; a child may only be refused admission if it would be detrimental to the health of the child to admit them into the school setting.

The school will not ask, or use any supplementary forms that ask, for details about a child's medical condition during the admission process.

4. Notification procedure

When the school is notified that a pupil has a medical condition that requires support in school, the school will arrange a meeting with parents, healthcare professionals and the pupil, with a view to discussing the necessity of an IHP, outlined in detail in the [IHPs](#) section of this policy.

The school will not wait for a formal diagnosis before providing support to pupils. Where a pupil's medical condition is unclear, or where there is a difference of opinion concerning what support is required, a judgement will be made by the headteacher based on all available evidence, including medical evidence and consultation with parents.

For a pupil starting at the school in a September uptake, arrangements will be put in place prior to their introduction and informed by their previous institution. Where a pupil joins the school mid-term or a new diagnosis is received, arrangements will be put in place within two weeks.

5. Staff training and support

Any staff member providing support to a pupil with medical conditions will receive suitable training. Staff will not undertake healthcare procedures or administer medication without appropriate training, unless in an emergency situation where life is at risk. Training needs will be assessed by the relevant nursing team through the development and review of IHPs, on a

termly basis for all school staff, and when a new staff member arrives. The relevant nursing team will confirm the proficiency of staff in performing medical procedures or providing medication.

A first-aid certificate will not constitute appropriate training for supporting pupils with medical conditions.

Through training, staff will have the requisite competency and confidence to support pupils with medical conditions and fulfil the requirements set out in IHPs. Staff will understand the medical conditions they are asked to support, their implications, and any preventative measures that must be taken.

Whole-school awareness training will be refreshed on a **termly** basis for all staff, and included in the induction of new staff members.

The relevant nursing team will identify suitable training opportunities that ensure all medical conditions affecting pupils in the school are fully understood, and that staff can recognise difficulties and act quickly in emergency situations.

Training will be commissioned by the SBM and provided by the following bodies:

- Commercial training provider
- The school nursing service
- GP consultant
- The parents of pupils with medical conditions

The parents of pupils with medical conditions will be consulted for specific advice and their views are sought where necessary, but they will not be used as a sole trainer.

The DSAT Trust board will provide details of further CPD opportunities for staff regarding supporting pupils with medical conditions.

Supply teachers will be:

- Provided with access to this policy.
- Informed of all relevant medical conditions of pupils in the class they are providing cover for.
- Covered under the school's insurance arrangements.

6. Self-management

Following discussion with parents, pupils who are competent to manage their own health needs and medicines will be encouraged to take responsibility for self-managing their medicines and procedures. This will be reflected in their IHP.

Where possible, and depending on the circumstances some pupils will be allowed to carry their own medicines and relevant devices. Where it is not possible for pupils to carry their own medicines or devices, they will be held in suitable locations that can be accessed quickly and easily. If a pupil refuses to take medicine or carry out a necessary procedure, staff will not

force them to do so. Instead, the procedure agreed in the pupil's IHP will be followed. Following such an event, parents will be informed so that alternative options can be considered.

7. IHPs

The school, healthcare professionals and parents agree, based on evidence, whether an IHP will be required for a pupil, or whether it would be inappropriate or disproportionate to their level of need. If no consensus can be reached, the headteacher will make the final decision.

The school, parents and a relevant healthcare professional will work in partnership to create and review IHPs. Where appropriate, the pupil will also be involved in the process.

IHPs will include the following information:

- The medical condition, along with its triggers, symptoms, signs and treatments
- The pupil's needs, including medication (dosages, side effects and storage), other treatments, facilities, equipment, access to food and drink (where this is used to manage a condition), dietary requirements, and environmental issues
- The support needed for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs
- The level of support needed, including in emergencies
- Whether a child can self-manage their medication
- Who will provide the necessary support, including details of the expectations of the role and the training needs required, as well as who will confirm the supporting staff member's proficiency to carry out the role effectively
- Cover arrangements for when the named supporting staff member is unavailable
- Who needs to be made aware of the pupil's condition and the support required
- Arrangements for obtaining written permission from parents and the headteacher for medicine to be administered by school staff or self-administered by the pupil
- Separate arrangements or procedures required during school trips and activities
- Where confidentiality issues are raised by the parents or pupil, the designated individual to be entrusted with information about the pupil's medical condition
- What to do in an emergency, including contact details and contingency arrangements

Where a pupil has an emergency healthcare plan prepared by their lead clinician, this will be used to inform the IHP.

IHPs will be easily accessible to those who need to refer to them, but confidentiality will be preserved. IHPs will be reviewed on at least an annual basis, or when a child's medical circumstances change, whichever is sooner.

Where a pupil has an EHC plan, the IHP will be linked to it or become part of it. Where a child has SEND but does not have a statement or EHC plan, their SEND will be mentioned in their IHP.

Where a child is returning from a period of hospital education, alternative provision or home tuition, the school will work with the LA and education provider to ensure that their IHP identifies the support the child will need to reintegrate.

All IHPs will be reviewed at least annually, or earlier if evidence is presented that the child's needs have changed.

8. Managing medicines

In accordance with the school's Administering Medication Policy, medicines will only be administered at school when it would be detrimental to a pupil's health or school attendance not to do so.

Pupils under 16 years old will not be given prescription or non-prescription medicines without their parents' written consent, except where the medicine has been prescribed to the pupil without the parents' knowledge. In such cases, the school will encourage the pupil to involve their parents, while respecting their right to confidentiality.

Non-prescription medicines may be administered in the following situations:

- When it would be detrimental to the pupil's health not to do so
- When instructed by a medical professional

No pupil under the age of 16 will be given medicine containing aspirin unless prescribed by a doctor. Pain relief medicines will not be administered without first checking when the previous dose was taken, and the maximum dosage allowed.

Parents will be informed any time medication is administered that is not agreed in an IHP.

The school will only accept medicines that are in-date, labelled, in their original container, and contain instructions for administration, dosage and storage. The only exception to this is insulin, which must still be in-date, but is available in an insulin pen or pump, rather than its original container.

All medicines will be stored safely. Pupils will be informed where their medicines are at all times and will be able to access them immediately, whether in school or attending a school trip or residential visit. Where relevant, pupils will be informed of who holds the key to the relevant storage facility. When medicines are no longer required, they will be returned to parents for safe disposal.

Sharps boxes will be used for the disposal of needles and other sharps.

Controlled drugs will be stored in a secure, non-portable locked container and only named staff members will have access; however, these drugs can be easily accessed in an emergency. A record will be kept of the number of controlled drugs held and any doses administered. Staff may administer a controlled drug to a pupil for whom it has been prescribed, in accordance with the prescriber's instructions.

The school will hold asthma inhalers for emergency use. The inhalers will be stored in a designated safe place and their use will be recorded. Inhalers will be used in line with the school's Asthma Policy. Schools will also carry emergency AAls – see next section on Allergy and Anaphylaxis.

Records will be kept of all medicines administered to individual pupils, stating what, how and how much medicine was administered, when, and by whom. A record of any side effects presented will also be held.

9. Allergens, anaphylaxis and adrenaline auto-injectors (AAIs)

The school will have a separate Allergen and Anaphylaxis Policy which is implemented consistently to ensure the safety of those with allergies, and complies with Benedict's Law in setting out how the school manages allergies and responds to emergencies.

Parents are required to provide the school with up-to-date information relating to their children's allergies, as well as the necessary action to be taken in the event of an allergic reaction, such as any medication required.

All staff members will receive appropriate training, in order to assist pupils with managing their allergies and recognise and respond to anaphylaxis.

The headteacher and catering team will ensure that all pre-packed foods for direct sale (PPDS) made on the school site meet the requirements of Natasha's Law, i.e. the product displays the name of the food and a full, up-to-date ingredients list with allergens emphasised, e.g. in bold, italics or a different colour.

The catering team will also work with any external catering providers to ensure all requirements are met and that PPDS is labelled in line with Natasha's Law. Further information relating to how the school operates in line with Natasha's Law can be found in the Whole-School Food Policy.

Children diagnosed with allergies will have an Individual healthcare or allergy action plan, giving comprehensive information about known allergens, including food, animal and venom allergies, and the emergency response to reaction or anaphylaxis.

The administration of adrenaline auto-injectors (AAIs) and the treatment of anaphylaxis will be carried out in accordance with the school's Allergen and Anaphylaxis Policy and comply with Benedict's Law (2016). Where a pupil has been prescribed an AAI, this will be written into their IHP.

A Register of Adrenaline Auto-Injectors (AAIs) will be kept of all the pupils who have been prescribed an AAI to use in the event of anaphylaxis. A copy of this will be held in each classroom for easy access in the event of an allergic reaction and will be checked as part of initiating the emergency response.

For pupils who have prescribed AAI devices, these will be stored in a suitably safe and central location, agreed and noted in their IHC plan. The child will know the location of their device.

In compliance with Benedict's Law, the school will keep spare, dose specific AAI devices for use in the event of an emergency. These will be checked by a designated person on a monthly basis to ensure that they remain in date, and must be replaced before the expiry date. Spare AAIs will be stored in a secure central location, ensuring that they are protected from direct sunlight and extreme temperatures.

The spare AAI should only be administered to pupils at risk of anaphylaxis and where written parental consent has been gained by the school. Where a pupil's prescribed AAI cannot be administered correctly and without delay, the spare may be used. Where a pupil who does not have a prescribed AAI appears to be having an exceptional "first-event" emergency without a known diagnosis, the emergency services must be contacted and advice sought as to whether

administration of the spare AAI is appropriate. However, if delay could result in serious injury or fatality, the spare AAI should be administered immediately and medical advice sought as soon as possible. Staff should support each other in this process.

Designated staff members may be named on a IHC plan. However, the school must ensure that comprehensive allergy awareness and emergency response training is delivered for **all** staff (including caretakers, lunchtime supervisors, office staff etc) including how to administer an AAI, and the sequence of events to follow when doing so. In the event of an emergency any member of staff can administer an AAI.

Where a pupil is, or appears to be, having a severe allergic reaction, the emergency services will be contacted even if an AAI device has already been administered.

In the event that an AAI is used, the pupil's parents will be notified that an AAI has been administered and informed whether this was the pupil's or the school's spare device. Where any AAI's are used, the following information will be recorded on the Adrenaline Auto-Injector (AAI) Record:

- Where and when the reaction took place
- How much medication was given and by whom

For children under the age of 6, a dose of 150 micrograms of adrenaline will be used.

For children aged 6-12 years, a dose of 300 micrograms of adrenaline will be used.

AAIs will not be reused and must be disposed of according to manufacturer's guidelines following use.

In the event of a school educational visit, pupils at risk of anaphylaxis will have their own AAI with them, and the school will ensure the spare AAIs are also carried in case of an emergency.

Further information relating to the school's policies and procedures addressing allergens and anaphylaxis can be found in the Allergen and Anaphylaxis Policy.

10. Record keeping

Records will be kept of all medicines administered to pupils. This may be in written form, or stored electronically on Medical Tracker. Proper record keeping will protect both staff and pupils, and provide evidence that agreed procedures have been followed.

11. Emergency procedures

Medical emergencies will be dealt with under the school's emergency procedures.

Where an IHP is in place, it will detail:

- What constitutes an emergency.
- What to do in an emergency.

Pupils will be informed in general terms of what to do in an emergency, e.g. telling a member of staff.

If a pupil needs to be taken to hospital, a member of staff will remain with the pupil until their parents arrive. When transporting pupils with medical conditions to medical facilities, staff members will be informed of the correct postcode and address for use in navigation systems.

12. Day trips, residential visits and sporting activities

Pupils with medical conditions will be supported to participate in school trips, sporting activities and residential visits.

Prior to an activity taking place, the school will conduct a risk assessment to identify what reasonable adjustments should be taken to enable pupils with medical conditions to participate. In addition to a risk assessment, advice will be sought from pupils, parents and relevant medical professionals. The school will arrange for adjustments to be made for all pupils to participate, except where evidence from a clinician, e.g. a GP, indicates that this is not possible.

13. Unacceptable practice

The school will not:

- Assume that pupils with the same condition require the same treatment.
- Prevent pupils from easily accessing their inhalers and medication.
- Ignore the views of the pupil or their parents.
- Ignore medical evidence or opinion.
- Send pupils home frequently for reasons associated with their medical condition, or prevent them from taking part in activities at school, including lunch times, unless this is specified in their IHP.
- Penalise pupils with medical conditions for their attendance record, where the absences relate to their condition.
- Make parents feel obliged or forced to visit the school to administer medication or provide medical support, including for toilet issues. The school will ensure that no parent is made to feel that they have to give up working because the school is unable to support their child's needs.
- Create barriers to pupils participating in school life, including school visits.
- Refuse to allow pupils to eat, drink or use the toilet when they need to in order to manage their condition.

14. Liability and indemnity

The DSAT Trust Board will ensure that appropriate insurance is in place to cover staff providing support to pupils with medical conditions.

The Trust and its schools hold an insurance policy with the RPA covering liability relating to the administration of medication. The policy has the following requirements:

All staff providing such support will be provided with access to the insurance policies.

In the event of a claim alleging negligence by a member of staff, civil actions are most likely to be brought against the school, not the individual.

15. Complaints

Parents or pupils wishing to make a complaint concerning the support provided to pupils with medical conditions are required to speak to the school in the first instance. If they are not satisfied with the school's response, they may make a formal complaint via their school's complaints procedures, as outlined in the Complaints Procedures Policy. If the issue remains unresolved, the complainant has the right to make a formal complaint to the DfE.

Parents and pupils are free to take independent legal advice and bring formal proceedings if they consider they have legitimate grounds to do so.

16. Home-to-school transport

Arranging home-to-school transport for pupils with medical conditions is the responsibility of the LA. Where appropriate, the school will share relevant information to allow the LA to develop appropriate transport plans for pupils with life-threatening conditions.

17. Defibrillators

Schools will have an automated external defibrillator (AED). The AED will be stored centrally in an unlocked, alarmed cabinet.

All staff members and pupils will be made aware of the AED's location and what to do in an emergency. A risk assessment regarding the storage and use of AEDs at the school will be carried out and reviewed annually.

No training will be needed to use the AED, as voice and/or visual prompts guide the rescuer through the entire process from when the device is first switched on or opened; however, staff members will be trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), as this is an essential part of first-aid and AED use.

The emergency services will always be called where an AED is used or requires using.

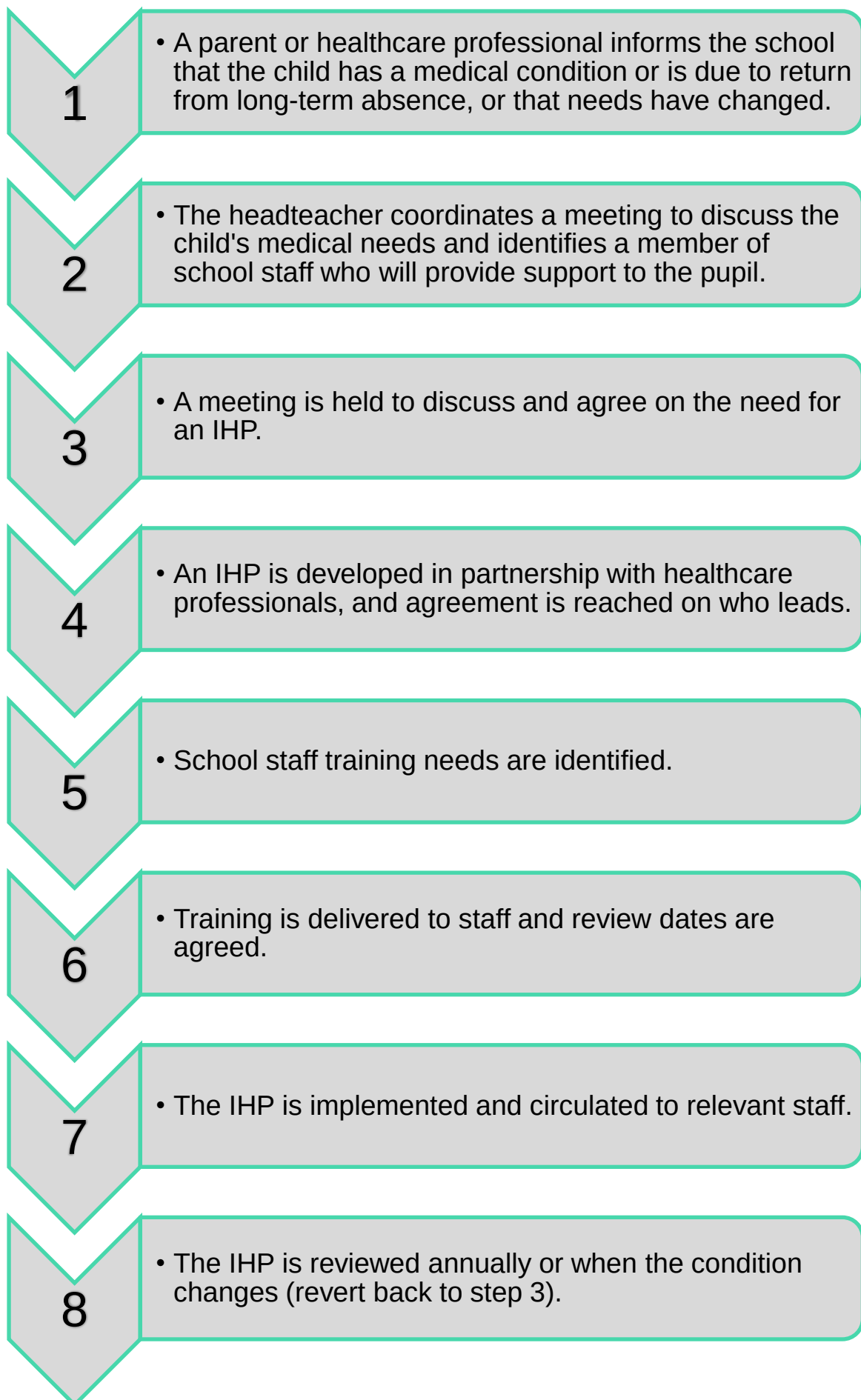
Where possible, AEDs will be used in paediatric mode or with paediatric pads for pupils under the age of eight.

Maintenance checks will be undertaken on AEDs on a weekly basis by a designated member of staff, who will also keep an up-to-date record of all checks and maintenance work.

18. Monitoring and review

This policy is reviewed on an annual basis by the Trust Board and Head of Business and Operations. Any changes to this policy will be communicated to all staff, parents and relevant stakeholders.

Individual Healthcare Plan Implementation Procedure





Individual Healthcare Plan

St Alban's CofE Primary School

Individual Healthcare Plan

Date of plan:		Review date:	
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Child's name:		DOB:		Year Group:	
Child's address:					

Medical diagnosis or condition:			
Contact information			
Name:			
Relationship to child:			
Home phone number:			
Mobile phone number:			
Work phone number:			
Clinic / hospital contact details:			
GP / Doctor:			

Who is responsible for providing support in school?			
Describe medical needs and give details of child's symptoms, triggers, signs, treatments, facilities, equipment or devices, environmental issues etc			
Name of medication, dose, method of administration, when to be taken, side effects, contra-indications, administered by/self-administered with/without supervision			
Medication:		Dosage:	
When to be taken:			
Method of administration:			
	Self-administration	With supervision	Without supervision
Administered by pupil:			
Administered by staff member			
Side effects/contra-indications:			

Daily care requirements:
Arrangements for school visits/trips etc:
Describe what constitutes an emergency, and the action to take if this occurs:
Any other information:

Staff training, if required:

Name	Training needed	Training completed	Training to be renewed

Plan agreed by:

Name	Role	Signature	Date

PARENTAL CONSENT

*I consent to school staff giving my child the medication detailed in this Individual Healthcare Plan.

*I confirm that the medication supplied is in the original container and is labelled with my child's name.

*I confirm that my child has already had one dose of this medication and has not suffered any unwanted reactions.

Name of Parent/Carer:	
Date form completed:	
Signed by parent/carers:	

Parental Agreement for the School to Administer Medicine

The school will not give your child medicine unless you complete and sign this form.

St Alban's CofE Primary School

Parental agreement to administer short term medicine

Name of Pupil	
Date of Birth	
Year Group	
Medical condition/illness	

Name of medicine	
Expiry date	
Dosage and method of administration	
Timing	
Storage requirements	
Special precautions/other instructions	
Any side effects school need to know about	
Pupil able to self-administer medicine	
Date medicine administration ends	
NB – Medicine must be in the original container as dispensed by the pharmacy	

I understand that I must deliver the medicine personally to the school office.

The above information is, to the best of my knowledge, accurate and I give consent for school staff to administer medicine in accordance with the school policy. I will inform the school immediately if there is any change in dosage or frequency of the medication or if the medicine is to be stopped.

Signature	
Name of person completing	
Relationship to child	
Date	

If more than one medicine is to be given a separate form should be completed for each one.

Record of medicine administered

[illegible]



St Alban's CofE Primary School

Asthma Care Plan and Medication Consent

Please provide school with any necessary inhalers and a spacer which can be kept in school and ensure that your child's inhaler is within its expiry date.

If you have an Asthma Management Plan from your GP/Hospital, please provide a copy of this.

Child's name:		DOB:		Year Group:	
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Medical diagnosis or condition:			
Emergency Contact information			
Name:			
Relationship to child:			
Home phone number:			
Mobile phone number:			
Work phone number:			
Describe medical needs and give details of child's symptoms, triggers, signs, treatments, etc (if not already specified on an accompanying Asthma Management Plan)			
Name of medication, dose, when to be taken, administered by/self-administered with/without supervision			
Medication Name:			Dosage:
When to be taken:			
	Self-administration	With supervision	Without supervision
Administered by pupil:			
Administered by staff member			
PARENTAL CONSENT			
*I consent to school staff giving my child the medication detailed in this Asthma Care Plan.			
*I confirm that the medication supplied is in the original container and is labelled with my child's name.			
*I confirm that my child has already had one dose of this medication and has not suffered any unwanted reactions.			
*I consent to school following their emergency procedure in the event of an asthma attack occurring whilst at school.			
Name of Parent/Carer completing form:			
Signed by parent/carers:			
Date form completed:			
Review date of plan:			
Signature of Class Teacher:			
Signature of School Lead:			

Action plan in the event of an asthma attack:

- Sit child up straight – keep calm and reassure child.
- Give one puff of reliever inhaler (usually blue) every 30 to 60 seconds up to 10 puffs.
- If child feels worse at any point, or does not feel better after 10 puffs, call 999 for an ambulance.
- If the ambulance has not arrived after 10 minutes and symptoms are not improving, repeat step 2.
- If symptoms are no better after repeating step 2, and the ambulance has still not arrived, contact 999 again immediately.

Record of inhaler administered

[illegible]

Staff Training Record – Administration of Medication

Name of school	
Name of staff member	
Type of training received	
Date of training completed	
Training provided by	
Profession and title	

I confirm that the staff member has received the training detailed above and is competent to carry out any necessary treatment pertaining to this treatment type. I recommend that the training is updated by the school nurse.

Trainer's signature: _____

Print name: _____

Date: _____

I confirm that I have received the training detailed above.

Staff signature: _____

Print name: _____

Date: _____

Suggested review date: _____

Contacting Emergency Services

To be stored by the phone in the school office

Request an ambulance – dial 999, ask for an ambulance and be ready with the information below.

Speak clearly and slowly, and be ready to repeat information if asked.

- The telephone number: 01709 542878
- Your name.
- Your location as follows: St Alban's CofE Primary School, Morthen Road, Wickersley
- The postcode: S66 1EU
- The exact location of the individual within the school.
- The name of the individual and a brief description of their symptoms.
- The best entrance to use and where the crew will be met and taken to the individual.

Incident Reporting Form

[illegible]